Melody™ Transcatheter Pulmonary Valve (TPV) Therapy

Melody TPV therapy is a non-surgical option to restore pulmonary valve function in children and adults with post-operative right ventricular outflow tract (RVOT) conduit or surgical bioprosthetic pulmonary valve dysfunction.
A VALVE DESIGNED SPECIFICALLY FOR A PULMONIC INDICATION

The Melody TPV was the first transcatheter valve commercially approved. Since 2006 it has benefited over 11,000 patients globally. It has been proven to relieve conduit and surgical valve obstruction, restore valve function, and delay the patient’s next surgical intervention.

OPTIMAL HEMODYNAMICS FOR THE RVOT

The Melody Valve is specifically designed to treat RVOT valve dysfunction. Comprised of a bovine jugular vein (BJV) valve sutured within a platinum iridium frame.

- Natural thin leaflets open and close under minimal pressure for optimal hemodynamics in the low pressure RVOT
- Deep coaptation of leaflets provides valve competency across a range of landing zone sizes and geometries, including non-circular environments
- Consistent outcomes with excellent performance at more than 7 years of patient follow-up

EXCEPTIONAL DELIVERABILITY AND EASE OF USE

The Ensemble™ II Transcatheter Delivery System is designed for controlled, stepwise deployment of the valve with balloon-in-balloon technology.

- Simple hand crimping and loading
- Balloon marker bands aid in visualization of valve position on the balloons prior to unsheathing and during deployment
- Integrated sheath eliminates need for additional sheath and protects valve during delivery
- Flexible 16 Fr shaft with true 22 Fr outer diameter profile
**UNMATCHED CLINICAL EVIDENCE**

The Melody valve is the longest studied TPV, with the largest body of clinical evidence. Accumulated data have consistently demonstrated excellent clinical results, including high rates of freedom from surgical reoperation, confirming the Melody TPV safely and effectively delays the need for surgical conduit or surgical valve exchange.

**FREEDOM FROM CATHETER RE-INTERVENTION**

Freedom from catheter-based re-intervention on the TPV was greater than 78% out to 8 years.

**LOW RVOT GRADIENTS**

Following Melody TPV implant the mean RVOT gradients decreased and remained consistent throughout follow-up in all 3 studies.

**MINIMAL REGURGITATION**

The majority of subjects in all 3 studies had a moderate or severe pulmonary regurgitation at baseline. Throughout follow-up, the majority of subjects had no more than trace pulmonary regurgitation.

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### Study Details

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study</th>
<th># of Centers</th>
<th># of Patients</th>
<th>First Implant</th>
<th>Last Implant</th>
<th>Mean Length of Follow-up</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US IDE</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>2007</td>
<td>2010</td>
<td>6.1 ± 1.7 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US PAS</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>2010</td>
<td>2012</td>
<td>3.6 ± 1.2 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU/CA PMSS</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>2007</td>
<td>2009</td>
<td>4.7 ± 1.1 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

US Investigational Device Exemption Study (IDE) | US Post Approval Study (PAS) | EU/CA Post-Market Surveillance Study (PMSS)
**Procedural Success and Strong Safety Profile**

The safety profile of the Melody TPV has remained unchanged through the longer-term follow-up data and broader implanter base in the Medtronic studies, demonstrated by the low rates of procedural and device-related serious adverse events.

**High Rates of Acute Procedural Success**
Consistently high rates of successful valve implantation including strong hemodynamics and low incidence of procedural adverse events.

Procedural success is a composite outcome defined as:
- Melody TPV was successfully delivered to the intended location
- RV-PA peak-to-peak gradient (measured in the catheterization lab) less than 35mmHg post implant
- Less than mild pulmonary regurgitation
- Free of explant at 24 hours post implant

**Low Rates of Device-Related Serious Adverse Events**
The safety profile of the Melody valve remains out to 7 years as evidenced by low rates of serious device-related adverse events across all studies.

### Table: Procedural Success

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study</th>
<th>Procedural Success</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US IDE (N = 149)</td>
<td>94.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US PAS (N = 99)</td>
<td>92.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU/CA PMSS (N = 62)</td>
<td>88.7%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Improves Functional Status**
At baseline, the majority of subjects in all 3 studies were in NYHA class II/III. Following Melody TPV implant, the majority of subjects were in NYHA class I, which remained consistent during follow-up.
Data pooled from two U.S. prospective studies that included both failed conduits and BPVs and one retrospective study assessing Melody in dysfunctional BPVs only, demonstrated safety and effectiveness in restoring pulmonary valve function without open heart surgery.

The following outcomes demonstrate the safety and effectiveness of the Melody Transcatheter Pulmonary Valve (TPV) implanted in a bioprosthetic pulmonary valve (BPV) restoring pulmonary valve competency while delaying the need for surgical intervention.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Bioprosthesis (n = 125)</th>
<th>RVOT Conduit (n = 225)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Number of Subjects in the Analysis</td>
<td>Endpoint Rate (95% CI)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procedural success</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>88.9% (82.9%, 93.3%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Procedure-related serious AE at 1 year</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>4.0% (2.6%, 10.1%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Device-related serious AE at 1 year</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>2.4% (0.6%, 6.0%)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The confidence intervals are exact (Clopper-Pearson) confidence intervals for the binomial proportion.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Variable</th>
<th>Bioprosthesis (n = 125)</th>
<th>RVOT Conduit (n = 225)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPV Dysfunction</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>97.4% (90.0%, 99.4%)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reoperation</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>100.0% (NA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reintervention</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>100.0% (NA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All-cause Mortality</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>100.0% (NA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Stent Fracture</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>100.0% (NA)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endocarditis</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>100.0% (NA)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The cumulative probability of event-free estimate is based on the Kaplan-Meier method.

The 95% confidence interval is the loglog transformed 95% Confidence Interval (CI) using the Peto standard error.
**Sizing Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Delivery System Size</th>
<th>Inner Balloon</th>
<th>Outer Balloon</th>
<th>Corresponding Valve</th>
<th>Deployed Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Diameter</td>
<td>Pressure</td>
<td>Outside Diameter</td>
<td>After Balloon</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(mm)</td>
<td>(atm, kPa)</td>
<td>(mm)</td>
<td>Deflated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size 18 mm</td>
<td>9 mm x 3.5 cm</td>
<td>5 atm, 506 kPa</td>
<td>4 atm, 405 kPa</td>
<td>20.1 mm, 26 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size 20 mm</td>
<td>10 mm x 3.5 cm</td>
<td>5 atm, 506 kPa</td>
<td>4 atm, 405 kPa</td>
<td>22.4 mm, 24 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Size 22 mm</td>
<td>11 mm x 3.5 cm</td>
<td>4.5 atm, 456 kPa</td>
<td>3 atm, 304 kPa</td>
<td>24.1 mm, 21 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

BJV = Bovine Jugular Vein  | RBP = Rated Burst Pressure = Maximum Applied Pressure  | atm = atmosphere  | kPa = kilopascal

**PRODUCT ORDERING INFORMATION**

**Melody Transcatheter Pulmonary Valve**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Order Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PB1016</td>
<td>A bovine jugular vein (BJV) valve sutured within a platinum iridium frame</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PB1018</td>
<td>Melody TPV 20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>16 mm BJV valve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acceptable deployment: up to 20 mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PB1018</td>
<td>Melody TPV 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18 mm BJV valve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acceptable deployment: up to 22 mm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Torque Wrench**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product Order Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>01-0055</td>
<td>Reusable jar opener</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Ensemble and Ensemble II Transcatheter Delivery System**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ensemble Product Order Number</th>
<th>Ensemble II Product Order Number</th>
<th>Balloon Size</th>
<th>French Size</th>
<th>Overall Length</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NU1018</td>
<td>ENS1018</td>
<td>18 mm</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>100 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NU1020</td>
<td>ENS1020</td>
<td>20 mm</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>100 cm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NU1022</td>
<td>ENS1022</td>
<td>22 mm</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>100 cm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Balloon-in-balloon catheter delivery system with a retractable polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE) sheath covering.
- Nylon inner and outer balloons available in three sizes: 18 mm, 20 mm, and 22 mm. At inflation, the inner balloon is half the diameter of the outer balloon.
- Sheath with side port for flushing the system and a hemostatic sleeve to minimize bleeding at the insertion site.

**DEPLOYMENT SPECIFICATIONS**

**Melody TPV 20 (PB1016)** is not designed to be dilated greater than 20 mm.

Choose delivery system and valve size based on prepared conduit or surgical valve inside diameter and intended final implant size. Valve performance for both sizes is comparable, per bench testing data.¹

¹ Medtronic bench testing data on file.
Melody™ Transcatheter Pulmonary Valve | Ensemble™ II Transcatheter Valve Delivery System

Important Labeling Information for the United States

Indications: The Melody™ TPV is indicated for use in the management of pediatric and adult patients who have a clinical indication for intervention on a dysfunctional right ventricular outflow tract (RVOT) conduit or surgical bioprosthetic pulmonary valve that has a moderate regurgitation, and/or a mean RVOT gradient ≥ 35 mm Hg.

Contraindications: None known.

Warnings/Precautions/Side Effects

- DO NOT implant in the aortic or mitral position. Pre-clinical bench testing of the Melody valve suggests that valve function and durability will be extremely limited when used in these locations.
- DO NOT use if patient’s anatomy precludes introduction of the valve. If the venous anatomy cannot accommodate a 22 Fr size introducer, or if there is significant obstruction of the central veins.
- DO NOT use if there are clinical or biological signs of infection including active endocarditis. Standard medical and surgical care should be strongly considered in these circumstances.
- Assessment of the coronary artery anatomy for the risk of coronary artery compression should be performed in all patients prior to deployment of the TPV.
- To minimize the risk of conduit rupture, do not use a balloon with a diameter greater than 110% of the nominal diameter (original implant size) of the conduit for pre-dilation of the intended site of deployment, or for deployment of the TPV.
- The potential for stent fracture should be considered in all patients who undergo TPV placement. Radiographic assessment of the stent with chest radiography or fluoroscopy should be included in the routine postoperative evaluation of patients who receive a TPV.
- If a stent fracture is detected, continued monitoring of the stent should be performed in conjunction with clinically appropriate hemodynamic assessment. In patients with stent fracture and significant associated RVOT obstruction or regurgitation, reintervention should be considered in accordance with usual clinical practice.

Potential procedural complications that may result from implantation of the Melody device include the following: rupture of the RVOT conduit, compression of a coronary artery, perforation of a heart chamber, arrhythmias, allergic reaction to contrast media, cerebrovascular events (TIA, CVA), infection/sepsis, fever, hematoma, radiation-induced erythema, pain, swelling or bruising at the catheterization site.

Potential device-related adverse events that may occur following device implantation include the following: stent fracture, stent fracture resulting in recurrent obstruction, endocarditis, embolization or migration of the device, valvular dysfunction (stenosis or regurgitation), paravalvular leak, valvular thrombosis, pulmonary thromboembolism, hemolysis.

* The term “stent fracture” refers to the fracturing of the Melody TPV. However, in subjects with multiple stents in the RVOT it is difficult to definitively attribute stent fractures to the Melody frame versus another stent.

For additional information, please refer to the Instructions for Use provided with the product or available on http://manuals.medtronic.com.

CAUTION: Federal law (USA) restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a physician.

Important Labeling Information for Geographies Outside of the United States

Indications: The Melody™ TPV is indicated for use in patients with the following clinical conditions:

- Patients with regurgitant prosthetic right ventricular outflow tract (RVOT) conduits or bioprostheses with a clinical indication for invasive or surgical intervention, OR
- Patients with stenotic prosthetic RVOT conduits or bioprostheses where the risk of worsening regurgitation is a relative contraindication to balloon dilatation or stenting

Contraindications:

- Venous anatomy unable to accommodate a 22 Fr size introducer sheath
- RVOT unfavorable for good stent anchorage
- Severe RVOT obstruction, which cannot be dilated by balloon
- Obstruction of the central veins
- Clinical or biological signs of infection
- Active endocarditis
- Known allergy to aspirin or heparin
- Pregnancy

Potential Complications/Adverse Events: Potential procedural complications that may result from implantation of the Melody device include the following: rupture of the RVOT conduit, compression of a coronary artery, perforation of a major blood vessel, embolization or migration of the device, perforation of a heart chamber, arrhythmias, allergic reaction to contrast media, cerebrovascular events (TIA, CVA), infection/sepsis, fever, hematoma, radiation-induced erythema, pain, swelling or bruising at the catheterization site.

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The Melody Transcatheter Pulmonary Valve and Ensemble II Transcatheter Valve Delivery System has received CE Mark approval and is available for distribution in Europe.

Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI) Safety Information

Nonclinical testing and modeling has demonstrated that the Melody™ TPV is MR Conditional. A patient with this device can be safely scanned in an MR system meeting the following conditions:

- Static magnetic field of 1.5 T and 3.0 T
- Maximum spatial gradient magnetic field of 2500 gauss/cm (25 mT/m)
- Maximum MR system reported, whole body averaged specific absorption rate (SAR) of 2.0 W/kg for 15 minutes of scanning (Normal Operating Mode)

Based on nonclinical testing and modeling, under the scan conditions defined above, the Melody™ TPV is expected to produce a maximum in vivo temperature rise of less than 2.1°C after 15 minutes of continuous scanning.

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