

# MAGNETIC BONE- ANCHORED HEARING SYSTEM (BAHS)

## COMMONLY BILLED CODES

EFFECTIVE JANUARY 2019

Medtronic

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The following information is calculated per the footnotes included and does not take into effect Medicare payment reductions resulting from sequestration associated with the Budget Control Act of 2011. Sequestration reductions went into effect on April 1, 2013.

**FOR QUESTIONS PLEASE CONTACT US AT [ENT.US.REIMBURSEMENT@MEDTRONIC.COM](mailto:ENT.US.REIMBURSEMENT@MEDTRONIC.COM)**

**Patient Selection and Indications:** The Alpha 2 MPO™ Sound Processor<sup>1</sup> is intended for use with a Headband or Softband, or with the Magnetic Implant (patients 5 years of age and up) for the following indications:

- Patients with conductive or mixed hearing loss, who can still benefit from amplification of sound. The pure tone average (PTA) bone conduction (BC) threshold for the indicated ear should be better than 45 dB HL (measured at 0.5, 1, 2, and 3 kHz.)
- Bilateral fitting is applicable for most patients having a symmetrically conduction or mixed hearing loss. The difference between the left and right sides' BC thresholds should be less than 10 dB on average, measured at 0.5, 1, 2, and 4 kHz, or less than 15 dB at individual frequencies.
- Patients who have a profound sensorineural hearing loss in one ear and normal hearing in the opposite ear, who for some reason will not or cannot use an AC CROS. The pure tone average (PTA) air conduction (AC) threshold of the hearing ear should be better than 20 dB HL (measured at 0.5, 1, 2, and 3 kHz).

## ICD-10-CM<sup>2</sup> Diagnosis Codes

Diagnosis codes are used by both physicians and hospitals to document the indication for the procedure. Because symptoms codes are generally not acceptable as the principal diagnosis, the principal diagnosis is coded to the underlying condition as shown.

<b>Hearing Loss</b>	<b>H90.00</b>	Conductive hearing loss, bilateral
	<b>H90.11</b>	Conductive hearing loss, unilateral, right ear, with unrestricted hearing on the contralateral side
	<b>H90.12</b>	Conductive hearing loss, unilateral, left ear, with unrestricted hearing on the contralateral side
	<b>H90.20</b>	Conductive hearing loss, unspecified
	<b>H90.41</b>	Sensorineural hearing loss, unilateral, right ear, with unrestricted hearing on the contralateral side
	<b>H90.42</b>	Sensorineural hearing loss, unilateral, left ear, with unrestricted hearing on the contralateral side
	<b>H90.71</b>	Mixed conductive and sensorineural hearing loss, unilateral, right ear, with unrestricted hearing on the contralateral side
	<b>H90.72</b>	Mixed conductive and sensorineural hearing loss, unilateral, left ear, with unrestricted hearing on the contralateral side
	<b>H90.80</b>	Mixed conductive and sensorineural hearing loss, unspecified

## MAGNETIC BONE ANCHORED HEARING SYSTEM COMMONLY BILLED CODES

### HCPCS II Device Codes<sup>3</sup>

These codes are used by the entity that purchased and supplied the medical device, DME, drug, or supply to the patient. Medicare provides C-codes for hospital use in billing Medicare for medical devices in the outpatient setting. Although other payers may also accept C-codes, regular HCPCS II device codes are generally used for billing non-Medicare payers.

ASCs, however, usually should not assign or report HCPCS II device codes for devices on claims sent to Medicare. Medicare generally does not make a separate payment for devices in the ASC. Instead, payment is “packaged” into the payment for the ASC procedure. ASCs are specifically instructed not to bill HCPCS II device codes to Medicare for devices that are packaged.<sup>4</sup>

Device or Product	HCPCS	Description	Status Indicator
<b>Alpha 2 MPO™ Processor and Implant Kit</b>	L8690	Auditory osseointegrated device, includes all internal and external components	Medicare Outpatient Status Indicator “N” Packaged, Not Paid Separately
<b>Alpha 2 MPO™ Processor Kit with Softband or Headband (no implant )</b>	L8692	Auditory osseointegrated device, external sound processor, used without osseointegration, body worn, includes headband or other means of external attachment	Medicare Outpatient Status Indicator “E” Statutorily Excluded ( Pediatric Indication )
<b>Alpha 2 MPO™ Processor (processor replacement)</b>	L8691	Auditory osseointegrated device, external sound processor, excludes transducer/actuator, replacement only, each	Medicare Outpatient Status Indicator “A” Paid Under DME Fee Schedule

1. Alpha 2 MPO™ is a trademark of Medtronic, Inc.

2. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Health Statistics. International Classification of Diseases, Tenth Revision, Clinical Modification (ICD-10-CM). <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/icd/icd10cm.htm>. Updated October 1, 2018. Accessed November 11, 2018.

3. Healthcare Common Procedure Coding System (HCPCS) Level II codes are maintained by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. <http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Coding/MedHCPCSGenInfo/index.html> Accessed November 11, 2018.

4. ASCs should report all charges incurred. However, only charges for non-packaged items should be billed as separate line items. Because of a Medicare requirement to pay the lesser of the ASC rate or the line-item charge, breaking these packaged charges out onto their own lines can result in incorrect payment to the ASC. Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Medicare Claims Processing Manual, Chapter 14—Ambulatory Surgical Centers, Section 40. <http://www.cms.gov/Regulations-and-Guidance/Guidance/Manuals/downloads/clm104c14.pdf>. Accessed December 15, 2018. See also MLN Matters SE0742 p.9-10: Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. MLN Matters Number SE0742 Revised. <http://www.cms.gov/Outreach-and-Education/Medicare-Learning-Network-MLN/MLNMattersArticles/downloads/SE0742.pdf>. Accessed December 15, 2018.

# MAGNETIC BONE ANCHORED HEARING SYSTEM COMMONLY BILLED CODES

## Physician Coding and Payment — Effective January 1, 2019

### CPT® Procedure Codes

Physicians use CPT codes for all services. Under Medicare's Resource-Based Relative Value Scale (RBRVS) methodology for physician payment, each CPT code is assigned a point value, known as the relative value unit (RVU), which is then converted to a flat payment amount.

Procedure	CPT Code and Description <sup>1</sup>	Medicare RVUs <sup>2</sup>		Medicare National Average <sup>3</sup>	
		For physician services provided in: <sup>4</sup>			
		Physician Office <sup>5</sup>	Facility	Physician Office <sup>5</sup>	Facility
<b>Computerized Tomography<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>70480</b> Computed tomography, temporal bones, without contrast material (CT of outer, middle or inner ear)	6.55	N/A	\$236	N/A
<b>Implantation</b>	<b>69714</b> Implantation, osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; without mastoidectomy	N/A	30.47	N/A	\$1,098
	<b>69715</b> Implantation, osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; with mastoidectomy	N/A	37.63	N/A	\$1,356
<b>Removal and Replacement</b>	<b>69717</b> Replacement (including removal of existing device), osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; without mastoidectomy	N/A	31.93	N/A	\$1,151
	<b>69718</b> Replacement (including removal of existing device), osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; with mastoidectomy	N/A	38.01	N/A	\$1,370
<b>Evaluation of Auditory Rehabilitation Status</b>	<b>92626</b> Evaluation of auditory rehabilitation status, first hour	2.55	2.16	\$92	\$78
	<b>92627</b> Evaluation of auditory rehabilitation status; each additional 15 minutes	0.64	0.51	\$23	\$18

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2. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Medicare Program; Payment Policies Under the Physician Fee Schedule and Other Revisions to Part B for CY 2019 Final Rule; 83 Fed. Reg. 59452-60303. <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2018-11-23/pdf/2018-24170.pdf>. Published November 23, 2018. The total RVU as shown here is the sum of three components: physician work RVU, practice expense RVU, and malpractice RVU.
3. Medicare national average payment is determined by multiplying the sum of the three RVUs by the conversion factor. The conversion factor for CY 2019 is \$36.0391 per 83 Fed. Reg. 59452-60303. <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2018-11-23/pdf/2018-24170.pdf>. Published November 23, 2018. See also the January 2019 release of the PFS Relative Value File RVU19A at <http://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-Fee-for-Service-Payment/PhysicianFeeSched/PFS-Relative-Value-Files.html>. Released November 6, 2018. Accessed December 11, 2018. Final payment to the physician is adjusted by the Geographic Practice Cost Indices (GPCI). Also note that any applicable coinsurance, deductible, and other amounts that are patient obligations are included in the payment amount shown.
4. The RVUs shown are for the physician's services and payment is made to the physician. However, there are different RVUs and payments depending on the setting in which the physician rendered the service. "Facility" includes physician services rendered in hospitals, ASCs, and SNFs. Physician RVUs and payments are generally lower in the "Facility" setting because the facility is incurring the cost of some of the supplies and other materials. Physician RVUs and payments are generally higher in the "Physician Office" setting because the physician incurs all costs there.
5. "N/A" shown in Physician Office setting indicates that Medicare has not developed RVUs in the office setting because the service is typically performed in a facility (eg, in a hospital). However, if the local contractor determines that it will cover the service in the office, then it is paid using the facility RVUs at the facility rate. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Details for Title: CMS-1693-F. CY 2019 PFS Final Rule Addenda. Addendum A: Explanation of Addendum B and C. <https://www.cms.gov/Medicare/Medicare-/CMS-1693-F.html>. Released November 1, 2018. Accessed December 11, 2018.
6. Allowable rate includes both the technical and professional components. When billing for professional service only, a 52 modifier would be added and allowable rate would be reduced accordingly.

**Hospital Outpatient Coding and Payment — Effective January 1, 2019**

**CPT® Procedure Codes**

Hospitals use CPT codes for outpatient services. Under Medicare’s APC methodology for hospital outpatient payment, each CPT code is assigned to one of approximately 710 ambulatory payment classes. Each APC has a relative weight that is then converted to a flat payment amount. Multiple APCs can sometimes be assigned for each encounter, depending on the number of procedures coded and whether any of the procedure codes map to a Comprehensive APC.

Each CPT procedure code assigned to one of these C-APCs is considered a primary service, and all other procedures and services coded on the bill are considered adjunctive to delivery of the primary service. This results in a single APC payment and a single beneficiary copayment for the entire outpatient encounter, based solely on the primary service. Separate payment is not made for any of the other adjunctive services. Instead, the payment level for the C-APC is calculated to include the costs of the other adjunctive services, which are packaged into the payment for the primary service.

When more than one primary service is coded for the same outpatient encounter, the codes are ranked according to a fixed hierarchy. The C-APC is then assigned according to the highest ranked code. In some special circumstances, the combination of two primary services leads to a “complexity adjustment” in which the entire encounter is re-mapped to another higher-level APC.

As shown on the tables below, the procedures that are subject to C-APCs are identified by status indicator J1.

Procedure	CPT Code and Description <sup>1</sup>	APC <sup>2</sup>	APC Title <sup>2</sup>	SI <sup>2,3</sup>	Relative Weight <sup>2</sup>	Medicare National Average <sup>2,4</sup>
<b>Implantation</b>	<b>69714</b> Implantation, osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/ cochlear stimulator; without mastoidectomy	5115	Level 5 Musculoskeletal Procedures	J1	134.7827	\$10,714
	<b>69715</b> Implantation, osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/ cochlear stimulator; with mastoidectomy	5116	Level 6 Musculoskeletal Procedures	J1	193.7660	\$15,402
<b>Removal and Replacement</b>	<b>69717</b> Replacement (including removal of existing device), osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/ cochlear stimulator; without mastoidectomy	5114	Level 4 Musculoskeletal Procedures	J1	71.7020	\$5,670
	<b>69718</b> Replacement (including removal of existing device), osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; with mastoidectomy	5115	Level 5 Musculoskeletal Procedures	J1	134.7827	\$10,714

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2. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Medicare Program: Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System and Ambulatory Surgical Center Payment Systems. Final Rule. 83 Fed. Reg. 58818-59179. <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2018-11-21/pdf/2018-24243.pdf> Published November 21, 2018. Correction Notice CMS-1695-CN2. <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2018/12/28/2018-28348/medicare-program-changes-to-hospital-outpatient-prospective-payment-and-ambulatory-surgical-center> Published December 28, 2018. Accessed December 29, 2018.
3. Status Indicator (SI) shows how a code is handled for payment purposes: J1 = paid under a comprehensive APC, single payment based on primary service without separate payment for other adjunctive services.
4. Medicare national average payment is determined by multiplying the APC weight by the conversion factor. The conversion factor for 2019 is \$79.490. The conversion factor of \$79.490 assumes that hospitals meet reporting requirements of the Hospital Outpatient Quality Reporting Program. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Medicare Program: Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System and Ambulatory Surgical Center Payment Systems... Final Rule.83 Fed. Reg. 58863. <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2018-11-21/pdf/2018-24243.pdf> Published November 21, 2018. Payment is adjusted by the wage index for each hospital’s specific geographic locality, so payment will vary from the national average Medicare payment levels displayed. Also note that any applicable coinsurance, deductible, and other amounts that are patient obligations are included in the national average payment amount shown.

**ASC Coding and Payment — Effective January 1, 2019**

**CPT® Procedure Codes**

ASCs use CPT codes for their services. Medicare payment for procedures performed in an ambulatory surgery center is based on Medicare’s ambulatory patient classification (APC) methodology for hospital outpatient payment. However, Comprehensive APCs (C-APCs) are used only for hospital outpatient services and are not applied to procedures performed in ASCs.

Each CPT code designated as a covered procedure in an ASC is assigned a comparable weight as under the hospital outpatient APC system. This is then converted to a flat payment amount using a conversion factor unique to ASCs. Multiple procedures can be paid for each claim. Certain ancillary services, such as imaging, are also covered when they are integral to covered surgical procedures, although they may not be separately payable. In general, there is no separate payment for devices; their payment is packaged into the payment for the procedure.

Procedure	CPT Code and Description <sup>1</sup>	Payment Indicator <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Multiple Procedure Discounting <sup>5</sup>	Relative Weight <sup>2,4</sup>	Medicare National Average <sup>2,4,6</sup>
Implantation	<b>69714</b> Implantation, osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; without mastoidectomy	J8	Y	185.8222	\$8,647
	<b>69715</b> Implantation, osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; with mastoidectomy	J8	Y	262.7269	\$12,225
Removal and Replacement	<b>69717</b> Replacement (including removal of existing device), osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; without mastoidectomy	J8	Y	96.7190	\$4,501
	<b>69718</b> Replacement (including removal of existing device), osseointegrated implant, temporal bone, with percutaneous attachment to external speech processor/cochlear stimulator; with mastoidectomy	G2	Y	113.5054	\$5,282

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2. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Medicare Program: Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System and Ambulatory Surgical Center Payment Systems...Final Rule. 83 Fed. Reg. 59028-59080. <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2018-11-21/pdf/2018-24243.pdf> Published November 21, 2018. Correction Notice CMS-1695-CN2. <https://www.federalregister.gov/documents/2018/12/28/2018-28348/medicare-program-changes-to-hospital-outpatient-prospective-payment-and-ambulatory-surgical-center> Published December 28, 2018. Accessed December 29, 2018.
3. The Payment Indicator shows how a code is handled for payment purposes. J8 = device-intensive procedure, payment amount adjusted to incorporate device cost; G2 = surgical procedure, non-office-based, payment based on hospital outpatient rate adjusted for ASC.
4. Medicare national average payment is determined by multiplying the relative weight by the ASC conversion factor. The 2019 ASC conversion factor is \$45.639. The conversion factor of \$45.639 assumes the ASC meets quality reporting requirements. Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services. Medicare Program: Hospital Outpatient Prospective Payment System and Ambulatory Surgical Center Payment Systems... Final Rule. 83 Fed. Reg. 59080. <https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2018-11-21/pdf/2018-24243.pdf> Published November 21, 2018. Payment is adjusted by the wage index for each ASC’s specific geographic locality, so payment will vary from the stated national average Medicare payment levels displayed. Also note that any applicable coinsurance, deductible, and other amounts that are patient obligations are included in the national average payment amount shown.
5. When multiple procedures are coded and billed, payment is usually made at 100% of the rate for the first procedure and 50% of the rate for the second and all subsequent procedures. These procedures are marked “Y.” However, procedures marked “N” are not subject to this discounting and are paid at 100% of the rate regardless of whether they are submitted with other procedures.
6. For Medicare billing, ASCs use a CMS-1500 form.

## Coding, Coverage and Reimbursement Support

Partially Implanted Bone Anchored Hearing Systems (BAHS), like the Alpha 2 MPO™ Sound Processor and Implant Kit, are covered by most payers in the United States. Additional Provider Assistance to support patient access is available:

Resource	Contact Information	Comments
<b>Medtronic ENT Reimbursement</b>	1-904-279-2652 or email ent.us.reimbursement @medtronic.com	General coding, coverage and reimbursement support for all ENT products and therapies
<b>SunMED Medical Solutions</b>	1-855-477-4510	Alpha 2 MPO™ Processor replacement/upgrade - SunMED will handle all aspects of the upgrade process: insurance verification, authorization, collection of patient co-pay, and billing, as well as coordinate delivery of the hearing system.

Rx only. Refer to product instruction manual/package insert for instructions, warnings, precautions and contraindications.

For further information, please call Medtronic ENT at 800.874.5797 and/or consult Medtronic ENT website at [www.medtronicent.com](http://www.medtronicent.com).

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