## Medtronic

## **Clinical Evidence Guide**

## Improve intubation success with McGRATH™ MAC videolaryngoscope (VL)

Routine use of the McGRATH<sup>TM</sup> MAC video laryngoscope (VL) improves first-pass success rate,<sup>1,2</sup> reduces difficult intubation<sup>3</sup> and lessens hemodynamic response to intubation,<sup>4,5</sup> when compared to the traditional direct laryngoscopy (DL) technique. McGRATH<sup>TM</sup> MAC VL provides better glottic views,<sup>1</sup> with a familiar Macintosh blade, making your first attempt your best attempt. McGRATH<sup>TM</sup> MAC VL is cost effective compared to other VL devices<sup>6</sup> and with greater first attempt success, it reduces the costs associated with a difficult intubation.



## Benefits associated with McGRATH™ MAC video laryngoscopy and related evidence

Benefit	Evidence
Increased first-pass success rate	<ul><li>Kriege et al.</li><li>Kleine-Brueggeney et al.</li></ul>
Cost effective	<ul> <li>Thaler et al.</li> <li>Moucharite et al.</li> <li>Zhang et al.</li> </ul>
Less hemodynamic instability	<ul><li>Altun et al.</li><li>Yokose et al.</li></ul>
Increased utilization	<ul><li>Samuels et al.</li><li>Granell et al.</li></ul>
Avoid difficult Intubations	<ul> <li>Hansel et al.</li> <li>De Jong et al. 2022</li> </ul>
Improved performance compared to other video laryngoscopes	<ul><li>De Jong et al. 2021</li><li>Alvis et al.</li></ul>
Video laryngoscopy guidelines	Summary of recommendations

Review the evidence of the benefits associated with McGRATH MAC™ videolaryngoscopy

Increased first-pass success

- Kriege et al.
- Kleine-Brueggeney et al.

### Cost effective

- Thaler et al.
- Moucharite et al.
- Zhang et al.

Less hemodynamic instability

- Altun et al.
- Yokose et al.

Increased utilization

- Samuels et al.
- Granell et al.

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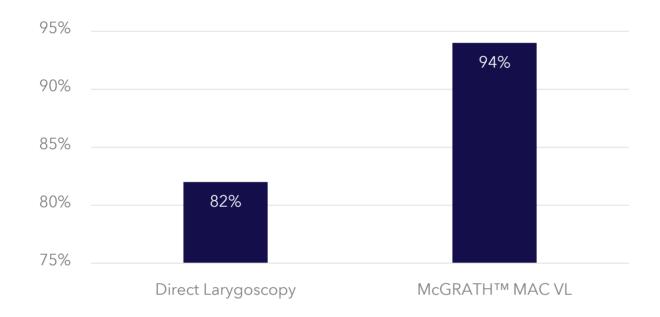
Video laryngoscopy guidelines

Kriege, M., et al.

## A multicentre randomised controlled trial of the McGrath Mac videolaryngoscope versus conventional laryngoscopy

Anaesthesia (2023)

Figure 1. First-pass success (FPS) rate in McGRATH™ MAC VL vs Macintosth DL



## **Study information**

**Study design** International, multicenter, randomized, controlled trial

## **Methods**

- 2,092 elective surgical patients at four institutions were randomized to be intubated with either McGRATH™ MAC VL or Macintosh DL
- The primary endpoint was first-pass intubation success

### **Results**

- The McGRATH™ MAC VL groups had improved first-pass success rate (See Figure 1)
- Among trainees: First-pass success was higher with McGRATH™ MAC VL (93%) than with DL (77%)
- Experienced consultants: First-pass success was higher with McGrath™ MAC VL (96%) than DL (90%)
- Improved overall intubation success (first and second attempts) using McGrath (99%) compared with DL (96%)
- McGRATH™ MAC VL had better glottic views, intubation difficulty scores, less external manipulation and better ease of laryngoscopy scores

Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC<sup>TM</sup> videolaryngoscopy

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## Improved performance compared other video laryngoscopes

- <u>De Jong et al. 2021</u>
- Alvis et al.

## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Kleine-Brueggeney M, et al.

Evaluation of six videolaryngoscopes in 720 patients with a simulated difficult airway: a multicenter randomized controlled trial

Br J Anaesth. 2016; 116 (5):670-679

Out of the six instruments that were evaluated, the McGRATH™ MAC VL with Macintosh blade was the only one that met the author's primary hypothesis of a 95% confidence interval for first attempt success rate greater than 90%.

## **Study information**

Study design

Prospective, multi-center, patient-blinded, randomized controlled trial

## **Methods**

<u>Participants</u>: 720 adults with ASA I-III undergoing elective surgery, n=120 per instrument <u>End points</u>: Primary: first attempt success with a lower limit 95% CI of at least 90%. Secondary: Overall success within two attempts, time to intubation, Cormack-Lehane grade, POGO score, intubation difficulty, adverse events, side effects

<u>Methods</u>: Experts with each device performed intubation on patients wearing a size adjustable cervical collar.

**Instruments (VL)**: McGRATH™ MAC VL (#3 blade), C-MAC™ (D-blade), Glidescope™ (#3 blade), Airtraq™ (#2&#3 Blade), AP Advance™ (difficult airway blade), and KingVision™ (#3 blade)

## Results

	McGRATH MAC™ VL (n=120)	C-MAC <sup>TM</sup> * VL (n=120)	Glidescope™* VL (n=120)	Airtraq™* VL (n=120)	AP Advance™* VL (n=120)	KingVision™* VL (n=120)
First attempt success	98%	95%	85%	85%	37%	87%
Soft tissue injury (n)	6	9	27	19	43	14

McGRATH<sup>TM</sup> MAC VL had a significantly higher first-attempt intubation success rate compared to GlideScope<sup>TM</sup>, the Airtraq<sup>TM</sup>, and the KingVision<sup>TM</sup> (P<0.03),

Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC™ videolaryngoscopy

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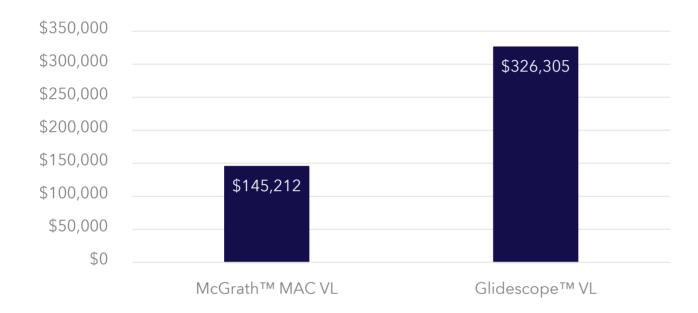
## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Thaler A et al.

## Cost Comparison of 2 Video Laryngoscopes in a Large Academic Center

Journal of Clinical Outcomes Management. 2021;28(4):174-79

Figure 1. Totals costs over 2-year period with McGRATH™ MAC VL and Glidescope™ VL



# Study information Study design Retrospective review of patient records Methods • Electronic patient data was recorded from 34,600 intubations performed over 24-month period where McGRATH™ MAC VL and Glidescope™\* VL were available for intubation • Frequency of use for each type of laryngoscope, blades used, and equipment costs for use of each laryngoscope were analyzed Results • Costs over 24 months were \$181,093 lower for McGRATH™ MAC VL compared to Glidescope™ VL • Intubation with McGRATH™ MAC VL resulted in a cost savings of 55% compared to Glidescope™ (Figure 1)

the COVID-19 epidemic, McGRATH™MAC VL increased to 61% of cases

Prior to COVID-19, there was no difference in utilization between the two devices. During

This was most likely related to the portability and smaller size of the McGRATH MAC™ VL

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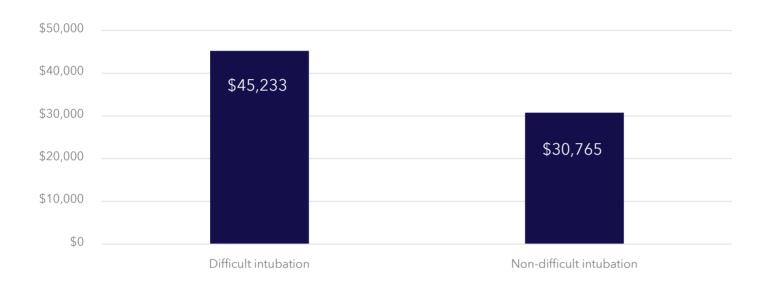
## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Moucharite MA, et al.

## Factors and Economic Outcomes Associated with Documented Difficult Intubation in the United States

Clinicoecon Outcomes Res. 2021;13:227-239

Figure 1. Mean cost of hospital inpatient stay in patients with and without difficult intubation



## **Study information**

**Study design** Retrospective observational cohort study

## **Methods**

• A retrospective observational cohort study was conducted using data from the Premier Healthcare Database. Adult patients with inpatient surgical admissions between January 1, 2016 and December 31, 2018 were selected.

### **Results**

- Patients with difficult intubations have:
  - Higher mean inpatient costs (\$14,468)
  - Higher intensive care unit costs (\$4,029)
  - Patients with difficult intubations have mean hospital length of stay and ICU length of stay that are substantially higher than patients without difficult intubations (3.8 days and 2.0 days longer, respectively).
- Obesity, other chronic conditions, and larger hospital size were significantly associated with difficult intubations.

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## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Zhang J, et al.

## Economic analysis of the use of video laryngoscopy versus direct laryngoscopy in the surgical setting

J Comp Eff Res. Jul 2021;10(10):831-844

Inpatient cost for **VL was significantly lower than DL** in eight out of 10 MDC groups, with a cost difference between \$1,144 to \$5,891 between VL and DL groups.

## **Study information**

## **Study design** Retrospective observational cohort study

## **Methods**

- A retrospective observational cohort study was conducted that used three years of data (2016-2018) from the Premier Healthcare Database.
- Adult patients who underwent elective surgery in the inpatient setting with at least one hour of general anesthesia and tracheal intubation were included.

### **Results**

- Inpatient cost for VL was significantly lower than DL in eight out of 10 MDC groups, with a cost difference between \$1,144 to \$5,891 between VL and DL groups.
- Compared to the DL group, the average length of stay (LOS) was significantly lower in the VL group in eight of 10 MDC groups.
- The likelihood of postoperative ICU admission was significantly lower across all 10 MDC groups, for the VL group vs. the DL group.
- Complication rates for pulmonary infection, cardiovascular complications, and respiratory complications, were lower in the VL group vs. the DL group in multiple MDC groups.

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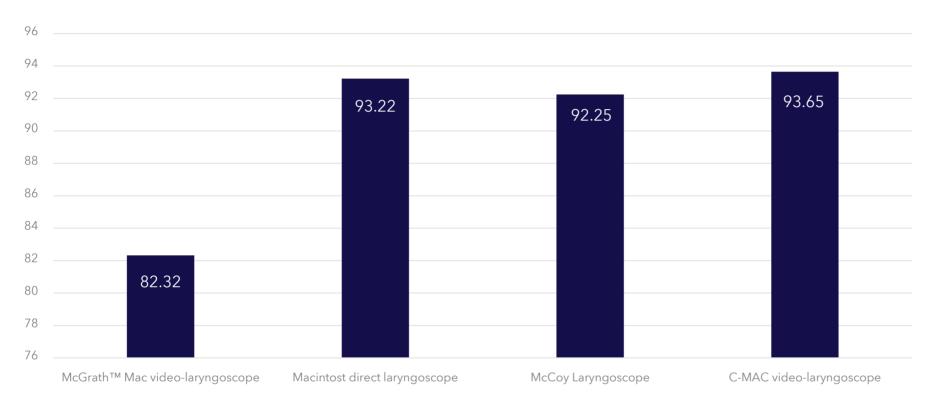
## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

## Altun D et al.

## **Haemodynamic Response to Four Different Laryngoscopes**

Turk J Anaesthesiol Reanim. 2018;46(6):434-440

Figure 1. Mean heart rate after intubation for four laryngoscopes



## **Study information**

## Study design

Prospective, randomized controlled trials

## Methods

160 ASA status I-II otologic and rhinologic surgery patients were randomized to be intubated with one of following devices:

- Macintosh DL
- McCoy™ indirect laryngoscope
- C-MAC<sup>TM</sup> VL
- McGRATH™ MAC VI
- Patients with features associated with difficult airway were excluded.

### **Results**

- Fluctuations in heart rate and systolic blood pressure associated with laryngoscopy and intubation were less in McGRATH™ MAC VL group than the other three device groups
- Patients in the McCoy™ and McGRATH™ MAC VL group had fewer moderate and severe sore throats than the other two groups
- $\bullet$   $\;$  Time to intubation was shorter in the McGRATH  $^{\text{\tiny M}}$  MAC VL group compared to the other three groups

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- Alvis et al.

## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Yokose M et al.

McGRATH MAC Video Laryngoscope on Hemodynamic Response during Tracheal Intubation: A Retrospective Study.

PLoS One. 2016;11(5):e0155566.

Patients intubated with the McGRATH™ MAC VL were **57%** less likely to suffer hypertension than patients intubated with a Macintosh DL.

Study informati	on
Study design	Retrospective trial
Methods	<ul> <li>360 patients who were intubated with either McGRATH™ MAC VL or Macintosh DL were retrospectively identified.</li> <li>Patients requiring multiple intubation attempts were excluded.</li> <li>Because patients intubated with McGRATH™ MAC VL were higher risk patients, the likelihood of patients treated with each laryngoscope to suffer hypertension was adjusted according to 16 variables that could potentially influence the incidence of hypertension.</li> </ul>
Results	<ul> <li>18% of patients were intubated with the McGRATH™ MAC VL</li> <li>Change in mean blood pressure after intubation was significantly less in the McGRATH™ MAC VL group</li> <li>The odds of hypertension were significantly reduced in the McGRATH™ MAC VL group</li> </ul>

Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC<sup>TM</sup> videolaryngoscopy

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## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Samuels JD, et al.

Adoption of video laryngoscopy by a major academic anesthesia department

Br J Journal of Comparative Effectiveness Research 10.2 (2021): 101-108.

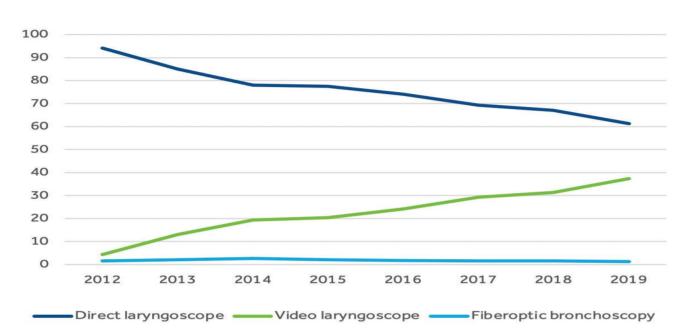


Figure 1. Frequency of usage by device type

## **Study information**

Study	design
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Retrospective

## **Methods**

A single center retrospective analysis was conducted from 2012-2019 at Cornell University in New York. They reviewed data on frequency and trends in airway management devices collected from their anesthesia information management system.

## **Results**

- During the eight year study period, there were a total of 159,447 cases where a laryngoscope was used
- The percentage of cases where the DL Macintosh device was used steadily dropped from 85.6% in 2012 to 55.1% in 2019.
- VL usage nearly doubled in the operating rooms and increased 2.8-times in the nonoperating room anesthesia sites.
- The largest growth among devices and the driver for VL growth, was the McGRATH™ MAC VL device, which increased from 0.2% In 2012 to 36.2% of cases in 2019.

Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC™ videolaryngoscopy

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- Alvis et al.

## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Granell M et al.

Airway Management of Patients with Suspected or Confirmed COVID-19: Survey Results from Physicians from 19 Countries in Latin America

J Clin Med. 2022 Aug 12;11(16):4731.

Granell M et al.

## Airway management of COVID-19 patients: A survey on the experience of 1125 physicians in Spain

Rev Esp Anestesiol Reanim (Engl Ed). 2022 Jan;69(1):12-24

## **Study information**

**Study design** Multicenter surveys

### **Methods**

Study 1: 2,411 anesthesiologists and intensivists from 19 Latin American countries completed a 37-question survey on airway management practices in COVID-19 patients

Study 2: 1,125 Spanish physicians involved in the airway management of COVID-19 patients completed a 32-question survey on airway management practices in COVID-19 patients

## Results

	Study 1	Study 2
Percent of patients who prefer VL for intubating COVID-19 patients (rather than DL, McCoy™, or flexible fiberscope)	64.8%	70%
Percent of patients who prefer Macintosh VL blade (as opposed to hypercurved or indifferent)	51.2%	47.4%
Percent who used VL as their primary device for intubating COVID-19 patients		70.5%

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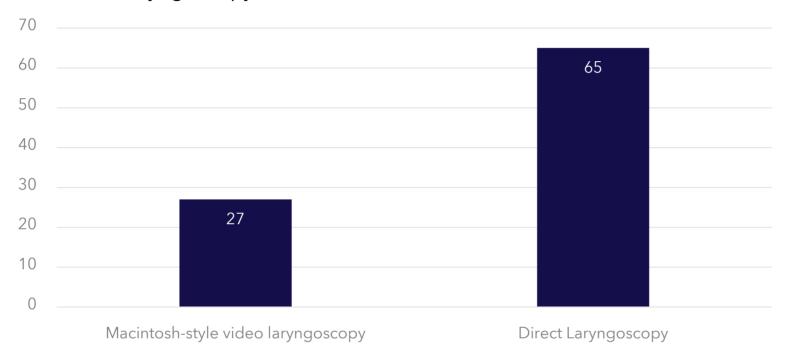
Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Hansel J et al.

## Videolaryngoscopy versus direct laryngoscopy for adults undergoing tracheal intubation

Cochrane Database Syst Rev. Apr 4 2022;4(4):Cd011136.

Figure 1. Failed intubation (per 1,000 attempts) rate during Macintosh-style VL and direct laryngoscopy



## **Study information**

## Study design

Systematic review and meta-analysis

## Methods

- Systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized-controlled trials where patients were randomized to be intubated with either VL or DL
- Endpoints included rate of successful first attempt, failed intubation, esophageal intubation, dental trauma, and hypoxemia as well as Cormack-Lehane grade and time for intubation

### **Results**

- There was moderate quality of evidence supporting that VL reduced the rate of:
  - Failed intubation (RR: 0.41)
  - Hypoxemia (RR: 0.72)
  - Low (3 and 4) Cormack-Lehane grade (RR:0.38)

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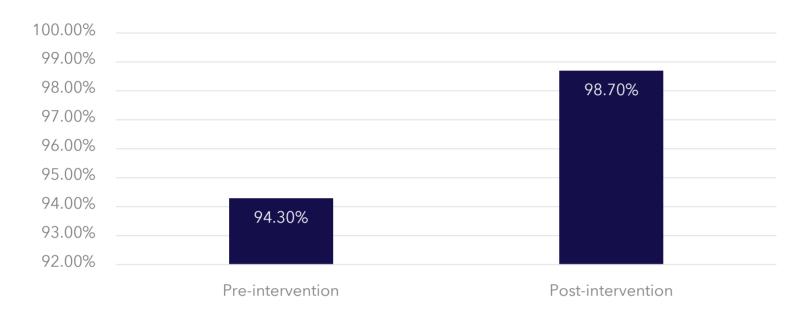
## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

## De Jong A et al.

Videolaryngoscopy as a first-intention technique for tracheal intubation in unselected surgical patients: a before and after observational study

Br J Anaesth. Jul 7 2022;doi:10.1016/j.bja.2022.05.030

Figure 1. Percent of easy tracheal intubations\* during the pre-intervention and post-intervention periods



## **Study information**

**Study design**Before and after observational study

## **Methods**

 Two French teaching hospital implemented a quality improvement initiative that implemented McGRATH™ MAC VL as the first-pass technique for tracheal intubation

### **Results**

- The study included 26,692 tracheal intubations
- Rate of easy tracheal intubation increased from pre intervention to post intervention
- VL was associated with less frequent need to resort to a rescue technique, improved glottic view, and reduced operator reported difficulty.

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## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

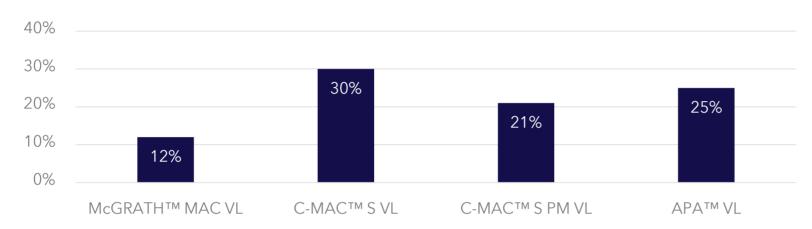
<sup>\*</sup> Easy tracheal intubation met all three of the following criteria 1) Cormack & Lehane grades of I or II, 2) no difficult mask ventilation, AND 3) no need to resort to a rescue technique

De Jong A, et al.

## Macintosh Videolaryngoscope for Intubation in the Operating Room: A Comparative Quality Improvement Project.

Anesth Analg. Feb 1 2021;132(2):524-535

Figure 1. Percentage of patients with Cormack-Lehane score III or IV or failure of intubation at Step II



## **Study information**

## Study design

Quality improvement trial

## Methods

Four video laryngoscopes randomly selected to use in surgical patients (n=589) intubated according to two or three consecutive steps:

- 1. Assess Cormack-Lehane score while performing **direct** VL with Macintosh-like blade without intubation
- 2. Assess Cormack-Lehane score while performing **indirect** VL with Macintosh-like blade without intubation
- 3. Switch to hyperangulated blade; Intubation performed by a senior anesthesiologist

Video laryngoscopes included:

1. McGRATH™ MAC VL (Medtronic), C-MAC-S™\* (Karl Storz), C-MAC-S-Pocket™\* monitor (Karl Storz), AP Advance™\* (Advanced Airway Management Health Care)

### Results

Compared to the other three VLs, the McGRATH™ MAC VL was associated with:

- 1. Less likely progression to step three\* (require hyperangulated blade and senior anesthesiologist)
- 2. Lower Cormack-Lehane score during direct VL
- 3. Lower Cormack-Lehane score during indirect VL

\*Compared to C-MAC-S™\* and AP advance™\*

Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC<sup>TM</sup> videolaryngoscopy

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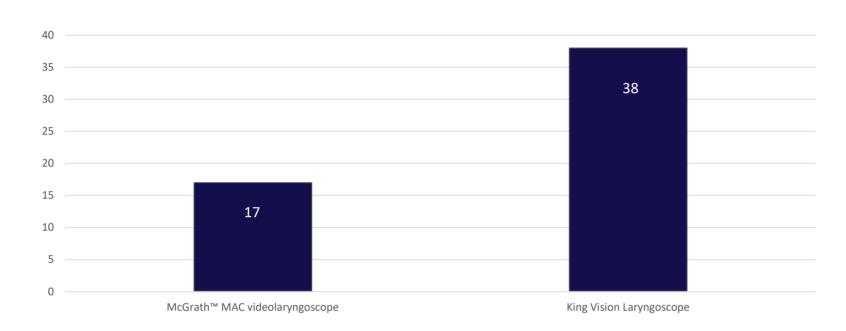
Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

Alvis BD, et al.

## Randomized controlled trial comparing the McGRATH™ MAC video laryngoscope with the King Vision™ video laryngoscope in adult patients

Minerva Anestesiol. 2016; 82(1):30-5

## Median time for successful intubation in seconds



## **Study information**

## Study design

Single center, single blinded, randomized controlled trial

## **Methods**

**Participants**: 64 adults with a predicted easy airway undergoing a surgical procedure. (McGRATH™ MAC VL, n=33; KingVision™, n=31)

**End Points**: Primary: First attempt success, time to intubation. Secondary: Oxygen saturation, number of attempts, Cormack grade, assist maneuvers, airway trauma.

<u>Methods</u>: Operators who had performed at least 100 direct laryngoscopies and no more than 10 video laryngoscopies with the randomized instruments were allowed to perform the intubation.

**Instruments (VL)**: KingVision™ VL (Channeled Blade); McGRATH™ MAC VL (#3 or #4 blade)

## **Results**

- McGRATH™ MAC VL was associated with significantly higher first attempt success rate when compared to KingVision™ (100% vs. 77% respectively, p<0.01).
- No airway traumas were observed with either instrument during this study.
- No significant difference in the number of assist maneuvers or Cormak grade.
- Median time to intubation was less in the McGRATH™ MAC VL group

Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC™ videolaryngoscopy

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## Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

## Video laryngoscopy guidelines

Society	Guidelines	Recommendation	
American Society of Anesthesiologists (ASA) <sup>9</sup>	2022 American Society of Anesthesiologists Practice Guidelines for Management of the Difficult Airway	Ensure that airway management equipment (including video laryngoscope) is available in the room.	
Project for Universal Management of Airways (PUMA) <sup>10</sup>	Preventing unrecognized esophageal intubation: a consensus guideline from the Project for Universal Management of Airways and international airway Societies	Routine use of a video laryngoscope is recommended whenever feasible.	
Society for Airway Management (SAM) <sup>11</sup>	Difficult airway management in adult COVID-19 patients: Statement by SAM	Video laryngoscopy is recommended as the first-line strategy for airway management.	
Difficult Airway Society (DAS), the Association of Anaesthetists the Intensive Care Society, the Faculty of Intensive Care Medicine and the Royal College of Anaesthetists <sup>12</sup>	Airway management guidance for the endemic phase of COVID-19	Consensus UK COVID-19 airway management guidelines advocate VL as the default technique for tracheal intubation.	
Safe Airway Society - Australian Medical Association <sup>13</sup>	Consensus statement: Safe Airway Society principles of airway management and tracheal intubation specific to the COVID-19 adult patient group	For clinicians proficient with its use, the routine use of a video laryngoscope is recommended for the first attempt at intubation.	
Surviving Sepsis Campaign - Society of Critical Care Medicine (SCCM) <sup>14</sup>	Surviving Sepsis Campaign Guidelines on the Management of Adults with Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) in the ICU	For healthcare professionals performing endotracheal intubation on patients with COVID-19, suggest using video-guided laryngoscopy over direct laryngoscopy, if available.	

Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC™ videolaryngoscopy

Increased first-pass success

- Kriege et al.
- Kleine-Brueggeney et al.

## Cost Effective

- Thaler et al.
- Moucharite et al.
- Zhang et al.

Less hemodynamic instability

- Altun et al.
- Yokose et al.

Increased utilization

- Samuels et al.
- Granell et al.

Avoid difficult Intubations

- Hansel et al.
- <u>De Jong et al. 2022</u>

Improved performance compared other video laryngoscopes

- <u>De Jong et al. 2021</u>
- Alvis et al.

Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

• <u>Summary of</u> <u>recommendations</u>

For trained personnel only. For specific indications and instructions for use, please refer to the product manual.

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Review the evidence of the benefits Associated with McGRATH MAC<sup>TM</sup> videolaryngoscopy

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Videolaryngoscopy guidelines

• <u>Summary of</u> recommendations

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