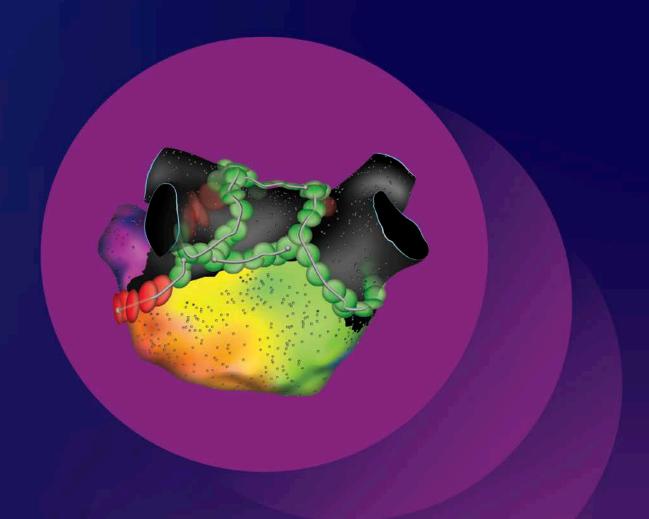
Medtronic



Success Simplified

Affera[™] mapping and ablation system

Intuitive mapping. Refined insights. Streamlined workflows.

Affera mapping and ablation system

Experience a new paradigm in EP

The Affera mapping and ablation system is a fully integrated solution offering more predictable and flexible procedures¹ while empowering physicians to accurately map and safely² ablate using an all-in-one, HD mapping and dual energy (PF and RF) catheter through a single transseptal access with a zero exchange workflow.1



Affera™ Prism-2 mapping software

Sphere-9™ catheter



Temperature-controlled RF energy delivery

HexaPulse™ PF generator

Unipolar, biphasic PF energy delivery

HexaMap[™] catheter interface unit (CIU)

Magnetic and impedance navigation and map acquisition with intracardiac electrogram and electrocardiogram display, recording, and pacing

HexaFlow™ irrigation pump

Responsive, automated irrigation and bubble detection

Affera Prism-2 mapping software

Intuitive mapping

Efficient, high-fidelity mapping

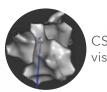
Quickly generate high-fidelity, realistic anatomy to enable identification of ablation targets.

Synergy navigation

Hybrid impedance and magnetic mapping modalities for visualization of sensor-based and non-sensor-based catheters.

Vein Mode

Designed to delineate complex regions of the heart, which may reduce the use of fluoroscopy.^{1,3}



CS catheter visualization



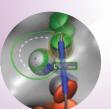
Zero-fluoro procedure post-map

Refined insights



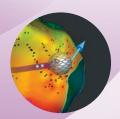
Automatic tags

Instant insights about tip location, orientation, and lesion creation



AfferaConnect[™] line

Visually confirm ablation groups and lesion set contiguity

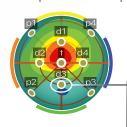


Propagation arrow

Assess wavefront directionality for every beat before, during, and after ablation

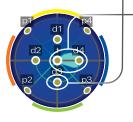
Sensor globe

Real-time mapping and ablation guide with tissue temperature display during RF and PF delivery



Real-time local impedance Real-time local impedance

providing tissue proximity feedback



PF Signature[™] software

Visualize physiologic response of PF energy delivery to the tissue

Streamlined workflows

Integrated stimulator

Validate lesion sets using exclusive pacing modes and expedite differential pacing workflows

Low- or zero-fluoro workflows

Minimize fluoroscopy time with synergy navigation

Seamless dual-energy modality transition

Easily and quickly transition between energy sources to deliver safe¹, durable² lesions

Efficient lab setup

Simplify lab and procedure preparation with direct 12-lead signal acquisition



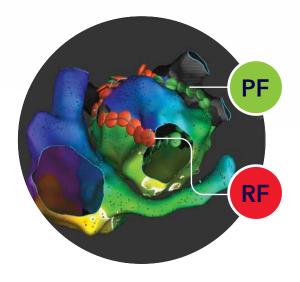
Sphere-9 catheter Map. Ablate. Validate.

Мар

Close-Unipolar[™] mapping

combines the benefits of bipolar and unipolar electrogram acquisition4 using nine mini surface electrodes and one central reference electrode. ...





Ablate

Indicated for persistent AFib and typical ... flutter using RF energy, the compressible, 9 mm ablation electrode lattice tip creates lesions in less time using fewer wide area focal lesions.^{5,6}

Safe,1 effective,1 and durable2 PF and RF lesions

Larger surface area compared to standard irrigated ablation catheters^{5,7}

Per-vein durability at 3 months Per-vein durability (Pulse3 waveform)²

Validate

Transition from ablation to validation using a single transseptal access and zero exchange workflow¹ with 8 Fr bidirectional catheter design.

Confirm electrical conduction block with ease using exclusive pace modes specifically designed for the Sphere-9 catheter.



SPHERE Per-AF IDE¹

First and only randomized 1:1 persistent AF clinical trial



Sphere-9 catheter

with Affera mapping and ablation system | n = 212

THERMOCOOL SMARTTOUCH™ SF (STSF)

with CARTO^{™*} mapping system | n = 208

Approaching superior effectiveness[†]

Proven safety[‡]



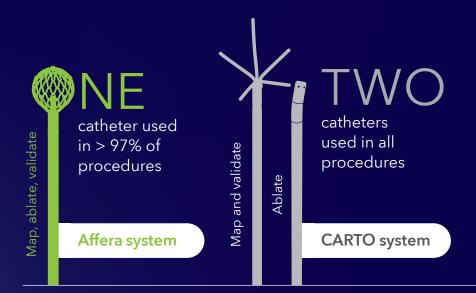




Primary safety event rate

- 0 PV stenosis
- 0 Phrenic nerve paralysis
- 0 Cardiac tamponade
- 0 Atrio-esophageal fistula

The highest effectiveness of any IDE treating a persistent population



Superior procedural efficiency over STSF



- † Primary effectiveness endpoint definition: The primary effectiveness endpoint was acute procedure failure, repeat ablation at any time, or after three months: recurrence of AF/AFL/AT, cardioversion, or new/reinitiated/increased AAD usage.
- ‡ Total of 13 adverse events measured, resulted in 3 hospitalizations within 1-week post- procedure for COPD exacerbation, pulmonary edema, and hemoptysis.

For a full list of safety events, review the SPHERE Per-AF manuscript.

- 1. Anter E, Mansour M, Nair DG, et al. Dual-energy lattice-tip ablation system for persistent atrial fibrillation: a randomized trial. *Nat Med.* August 2024;30(8)2303-2310.
- 2. Reddy VY, Anter E, Rackauskas G, et al. Lattice-Tip Focal Ablation Catheter That Toggles Between Radiofrequency and Pulsed Field Energy to Treat Atrial Fibrillation: A First-in-Human Trial. Circ Arrhythm Electrophysiol. June 2020;13(6):e008718.
- 3. M060056C001, Affera Prism-2 Mapping Software Manual. July 22, 2025.
- 4. de Bakker JM. Electrogram recording and analyzing techniques to optimize selection of target sites for ablation of cardiac arrhythmias. *Pacing Clin Electrophysiol*. December 2019;42(12):1503-1516.
- 5. Anter E, Neužil P, Rackauskas G, et al. A Lattice-Tip Temperature-Controlled Radiofrequency Ablation Catheter for Wide Thermal Lesions: First-in-Human Experience With Atrial Fibrillation. *JACC Clin Electrophysiol*. May 2020;6(5):507-519.
- 6. Barkagan M, Leshem E, Rottmann M, Sroubek J, Shapira-Daniels A, Anter E. Expandable Lattice Electrode Ablation Catheter: A Novel Radiofrequency Platform Allowing High Current at Low Density for Rapid, Titratable, and Durable Lesions. *Circ Arrhythm Electrophysiol*. April 2019;12(4):e007090.
- 7. Reddy VY, Peichl P, Anter E, et al. Atrial Fibrillation Using a Focal Lattice-tip Catheter that Toggles Between Pulsed Field and Radiofrequency Energy: Effect on the Esophagus. *Heart Rhythm*. August 2021;18(S8):S73.
- 8. Nair D. Operator Learning Curve with a Novel Dual-Energy Lattice-Tip Ablation System. Presented at: APHRS 2024; September 28, 2024; Sydney, Australia.

Affera™ Mapping and Ablation System Brief Statement Indications

The Sphere-9 catheter is indicated for use in cardiac electrophysiological mapping (stimulation and electrogram recording) and for treatment of drug refractory, recurrent, symptomatic persistent atrial fibrillation (episode duration less than 1 year) and radiofrequency ablation of cavotricuspid isthmus dependent atrial flutter when used with the Affera mapping system. The Affera Integrated Mapping System is intended to be used for catheter-based cardiac electrophysiological mapping. The mapping system allows pacing and real-time visualization of compatible catheters as well as display of cardiac maps in multiple formats. The acquired patient signals, including body surface electrocardiograms and intracardiac electrograms, may also be recorded and displayed on the system's display screen.

Contraindications

Do not use this device under the following circumstances:

- In patients with an active systemic infection.
- In patients who have had cardiac surgery in the preceding eight weeks, as the risk of perforation may increase.
- In patients with intracardiac thrombus or myxoma, as the catheter may precipitate an embolus.
- In coronary vessels with diameter smaller than the expandable ablation electrode, as the catheter may damage the coronary vessels.
- In patients with prosthetic valves, as the catheter may damage the prosthesis.
- Using the transaortic retrograde approach in patients who have had aortic valve replacement.
- Using the transseptal approach in patients with an interatrial baffle or patch, as the opening could persist and result in an iatrogenic atrial shunt.

Warnings and Precautions

Do not reuse, reprocess, or resterilize devices labeled singleuse only. Only use with compatible devices listed in the IFU. The Integrated Affera Mapping System requires use of a set of proprietary localization patches to detect patient displacement and respiratory motion and deliver low energy patient auxiliary signals.

Treatment location should be confirmed using alternative techniques (e.g. fluoroscopy, intracardiac electrograms, intracardiac echocardiography) before treatment.

A connection to a compatible cardiac stimulator is allowed provided the stimulator is electrically isolated or physically disconnected when RF or PF energy is applied to the patient, outputs of the generator and stimulator must be isolated to prevent patient injury or damage to equipment.

The pacing functionality in the Affera Integrated Mapping System is not a life support device and is for diagnostic purposes only. Pacing may induce intentional or unintentional life-threatening cardiac arrhythmias.

Intravenous heparin must be used to reduce the likelihood of thromboemboli developing during the procedure. Patient injury may result from excessive delivery of fluids. Anticoagulation treatment should adhere to consensus guidelines.

Avoid steering the Sphere-9 catheter near other catheters to reduce the possibility of the catheters becoming entangled. Cardiac devices may be damaged by energy delivery. Catheter interactions with implantable leads may result in lead dislodgement or possible thrombus.

Cardiac ablation may induce intentional or unintentional lifethreatening cardiac arrhythmias.

Care should be taken when ablating near sensitive structures (i.e., conduction system, coronary arteries) as unintended patient harm may occur. Catheter entrapment within the heart is a possible complication of cardiac ablation procedures that could necessitate surgical intervention.

The Affera Integrated Mapping and Ablation System has not been evaluated for safety and compatibility in the magnetic resonance (MR) environment. System operation may be temporarily interrupted if exposed to excessive external electromagnetic disturbance or ESD.

Potential Adverse Events or Potential Complications

 $\label{lem:condition} A trioes ophage al fistula, Cardiac perforation / tamponade, Cardiac or respiratory arrest, Stroke$

Conduction system injury, Coronary artery spasm / occlusion / stenosis, Damage / dislodgement to ICD or implantable pacemaker, Death, Embolism, Hemoptysis, Infection, Myocardial infarction, Phrenic nerve palsy / paralysis, Pulmonary edema, Pulmonary vein stenosis, Valve damage, Vessel dissection

Refer to the device technical manual for detailed information regarding the procedure, indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, and potential complications/adverse events. For further information, please call Medtronic at 1-800-328-2518 and/or consult the Medtronic website at www.medtronic.com.

Caution: Federal law (USA) restricts these devices to sale by or on the order of a physician.

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