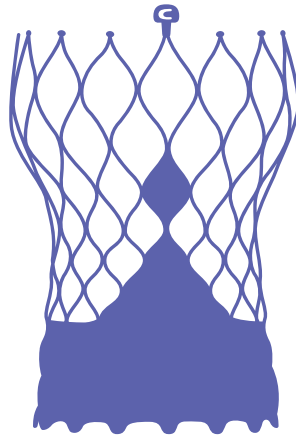


Proven to perform

SMART Trial

3-year results



Medtronic

**Clinical valve thrombosis is a
signal of longer-term complexities
you can't ignore.¹**

**6x more
clinical valve
thrombosis[†]**

with SAPIEN TAVI

through 3 years in small
annulus patients.^{‡2}

p=0.0084



3.7%

SAPIEN™ TAVI



0.6%

Evolut™ TAVI

[†] Clinical prosthetic valve thrombosis as defined by VARC-3.

[‡] In patients with small annuli (area ≤ 430 mm²) in all-comers trial, consisting of majority low surgical risk participants (52.1%).

1. Chitturi KR, Aladin AI, Braun R, et al. Bioprosthetic Aortic Valve Thrombosis: Definitions, Clinical Impact, and Management: A State-of-the-Art Review. Circ Cardiovasc Interv. 2024;17(7):e014143. doi:10.1161/CIRCINTERVENTIONS.123.014143

2. Herrmann H. Three-Year Outcomes of the SMART Trial. Presented at EuroPCR; Paris, France, May 20, 2026.

Prosthesis-patient mismatch (PPM) increases mortality risks.

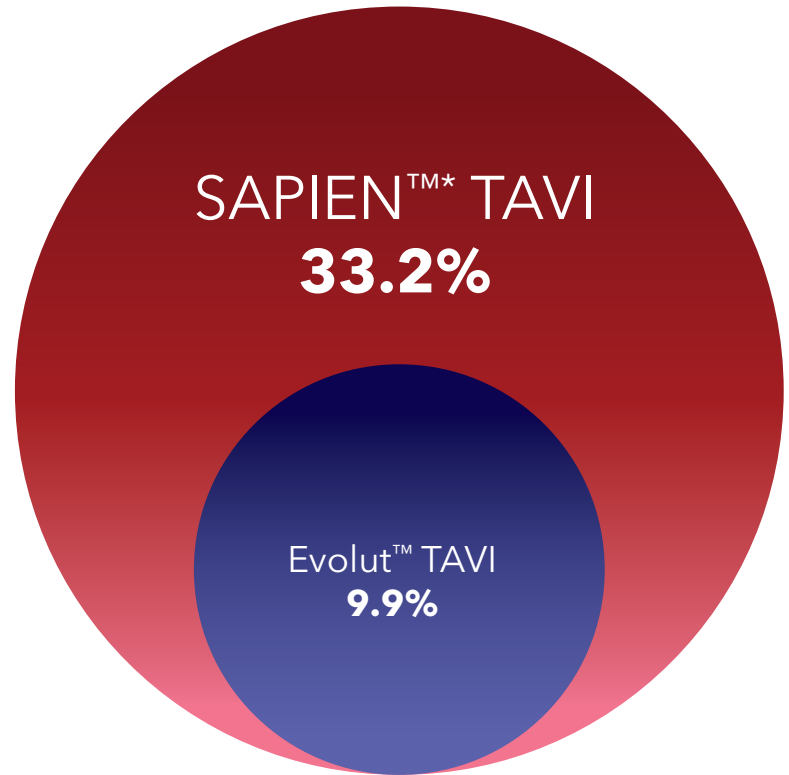
Patients with $\geq$ moderate PPM experienced 2.24 higher cardiovascular mortality risk in SMART Trial through three years compared to patients without PPM ($p = 0.014$).^{◇, ¶, 1}

**3.4x more
 $\geq$ moderate
PPM**

with SAPIEN TAVI

at 30 days in small
annulus patients.^{‡, #, 1}

$p < 0.001$



◇ Adjusted for age, sex, COPD status, renal function ($GFR < 60\text{mL/min/1.73 m}^2$), LVEF, and stroke volume index (SVI).

¶ Mortality was landmarked at the reference echo (30-day echo if available, otherwise discharge echo).

‡ In patients with small annuli (area $\leq 430\text{ mm}^2$) in all-comers trial of 716 patients, consisting of majority low surgical risk participants (52.1%)

Reference echo (30-day if available, otherwise discharge echo). PPM as defined by VARC-3.

1. Herrmann H. Three-Year Outcomes of the SMART Trial. Presented at EuroPCR; Paris, France, May 20, 2026.

More than 1 in 2 patients[‡]

are expected to experience
BVD[§] with SAPIEN TAVI

within 3 years¹ $p < 0.001$



54.4%



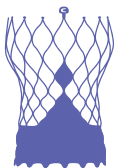
Three years. Still superior.

3x less BVD[§] with Evolut[™]
compared with SAPIEN^{™*} TAVI

Durable valve performance, as defined by freedom
from bioprosthetic valve dysfunction (BVD), is
critical, regardless of the procedure or platform.



16.3%



Sustained **excellent patient
outcomes** through 3 years.¹

Clinical outcome composite:

All-cause mortality, disabling
stroke, or heart failure
rehospitalization.

Evolut[™] TAVI: 25.4%
SAPIEN^{™*} TAVI: 22.6%
Log-rank P-value: 0.44
Hazard ratio, 1.13
(95% CI, 0.83 to 1.53)

[‡] In patients with small annuli (area ≤ 430 mm²) in all-comers trial, consisting of majority low surgical risk participants (52.1%).

[§] Valve performance as defined as freedom from bioprosthetic valve dysfunction (BVD) through 36 months. BVD is defined as a composite including any of the following: hemodynamic structural valve dysfunction (mean gradient ≥ 20 mmHg), non-structural valve dysfunction (severe prosthesis-patient mismatch or $\geq$ moderate aortic regurgitation), clinical thrombosis, endocarditis, and aortic valve reintervention.

1. Herrmann H. Three-Year Outcomes of the SMART Trial. Presented at EuroPCR; Paris, France, May 20, 2026.

Through three years,

Evolut™ TAVI maintains superior valve performance[†] vs. SAPIEN™* TAVI in small annulus patients.^{‡,1}



[†] Valve performance as defined as freedom from bioprosthetic valve dysfunction (BVD) through 36 months. BVD is defined as a composite including any of the following: hemodynamic structural valve dysfunction (mean gradient ≥ 20 mmHg), non-structural valve dysfunction (severe prosthesis-patient mismatch or $\geq$ moderate aortic regurgitation), clinical thrombosis, endocarditis, and aortic valve reintervention.

[‡] In patients with small annuli (area ≤ 430 mm²) in all-comers trial, consisting of majority low surgical risk participants (52.1%).

1. Herrmann H. Three-Year Outcomes of the SMART Trial. Presented at EuroPCR; Paris, France, May 20, 2026.

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Medtronic

Medtronic International Trading
Sàrl
Route du Molliau 31
Case postale
1131 Tolochenaz
Switzerland
Tel: +41 (0) 21 802 70 00
Fax: +41 (0) 21 802 79 00

medtronic.eu

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